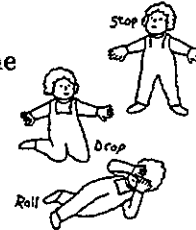


SAFETY SMART

KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT FIRES!

- If you find matches or lighters, tell a grown-up. Never pick them up or leave them for another child.
- Never go back into a burning building. Wait at your meeting place or go to a neighbor's house to call for help.
- Stop, drop and roll if your clothes catch on fire. Running will make the flames worse.
- Firefighters are good strangers. Never hide if there is a fire. It is O.K. to go with a firefighter in case of an emergency.
- In case of emergency, I call _____ Always keep the emergency number and your address posted on the telephone. **NEVER CALL THE EMERGENCY NUMBER TO PLAY A JOKE OR TO CALL IN A FALSE ALARM.**



COLOR IN YOUR FRIENDLY FIREFIGHTER



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*This document was originally developed by the
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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT FIRES!

Make your home fire and burn safe!

- Install and maintain smoke detectors.
- Check smoke detector batteries monthly.
- Post emergency numbers close to telephone.
- Keep any heat source at least three feet from curtains, furniture or anything that can burn.
- Turn pan handles away from the edge of the stove to prevent burns from accidental spills.
- Keep appliances free of grease and crumbs.
- Wear short or tight-fitting sleeves when cooking.
- Store electrical appliances safely away from the bath tub and kitchen sink.
- Unplug electrical appliances before working on them.
- Replace electrical cords if they are frayed or cracked.
- Do not overload electrical outlets.
- Use safety plugs in unused electrical outlets.
- Do not smoke in bed and dispose of smoking materials properly.
- Keep ashtrays away from upholstered furniture and curtains.
- Keep lighters and matches away from children.
- Test bath water before getting into the tub, or putting your child into the tub to prevent accidental burns.
- Keep your water heater set below 120 degrees. Children's skin can scald in seconds.
- Store flammable liquids away from heat sources.



KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT GUNS!

- Guns can hurt you and others.
- Don't touch guns.
- Don't get near guns.
- Guns are not toys.
- If you see a gun, remember: don't touch it, leave the area immediately, and tell an adult.

Decode the secret safety messages.

U O □ ▽ ▽ O X △ M O X □ △

▽ △ □ □ ▣ □ ▣ U X □ ▽

O X □ △ ▣ ▣ △ □ O ▽ ▽ O ⊙ △

△=E	△=S	O=G	⊙=O	▣=R
□=L	□=N	M=H	▽=T	⊙=Y
▣=A	X=U	△=C	▽=D	W=B

Answers on back

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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT GUNS!

Even if you do not own a gun, your child may encounter one in other homes or settings. Take steps to prevent your child from gun injury by doing the following:

- If you have a gun, empty it and lock it up in a place that children can't reach.
- Always store bullets locked in a place separate from where guns are secured.
- Teach your child that guns are not toys and should not be touched.
- Talk to your child about the differences between television, movies, and real-life violence. Explain that in real life, children are hurt with guns.
- Teach your child to do the following when he/she sees a gun: don't touch the gun, leave the area immediately, and tell an adult.

**Answer: Don't touch guns.
Tell an adult. / Guns are not toys.**

**SAFETY
SMART**

KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART IN CARS!

- Always buckle up.
- Wear your lap belt low and snug across your hips. The shoulder belt should rest flat across your chest, not across your face, neck or under your arm.
- Wait for the driver of the car to tell you to unbuckle and open the door.
- Take travel games or fun tapes to play in the car.
- Check first with your parents for permission to get into a car or to leave with anyone — even someone you know.
- Don't pretend to drive by playing at the controls of a car.

S E A T B E L T
 B A U O Z F A O
 U T R A V E L X
 C R D X S A F E
 K H A R N E S S
 L O A Z I C X N
 E C N O X V N U
 X O P C A R E G

**Find these words
 in the puzzle.
 Remember, words
 may appear in
 different directions.**

CAR DRIVE
 SEATBELT TRAVEL
 BUCKLE SAFE
 CAR SEAT SNUG
 HARNESS

PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART IN CARS!

The following tips on car safety will help you travel properly and safely with children at all times:

A correctly used child safety seat must:

- fit the child's height and weight.
- be secured to the vehicle seat with a safety belt.
- have the harness straps snug and not loose.
- have all parts and not be under recall.
- be used according to manufacturer's instructions.

Infant Safety Seats

- for children up to 20 pounds
- always face rearward
- infant's head must be completely inside safety seat
- infant carriers must not be used for transportation

Convertible Child Safety Seats

- for infants and children up to 40 pounds
- for infants, recline and face rearward
- for toddlers, upright and forward facing

Booster Seats

- for toddlers who have outgrown convertible safety seats
- do not use home booster seats in the car

Safety Belts

- wear lap belt low and snug across hips
- adjust shoulder belt flat across chest
- make certain lap and shoulder belts do not become twisted and remain properly positioned over seasonal clothing
- if correct fit is not possible, use an approved booster seat

Wheelchairs and Special Restraints

There are careful considerations for traveling with children with special needs. Call the Automotive Safety for Children Program at Riley Hospital at 1-800-KID-N-CAR for information, resources, and guidelines for buckling up all children.



KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART AT PLAYGROUNDS!

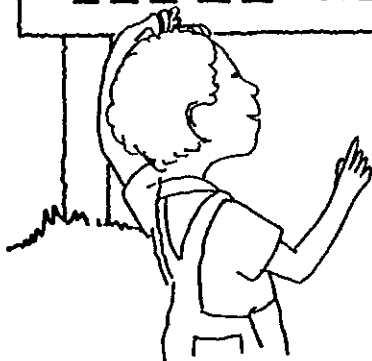
- Hold on to all playground equipment with both hands.
- Don't push, shove, or crowd other children. Wait your turn.
- Don't twist swings or push empty swings.
- Stay far enough away from swings to avoid being hit.
- Know who you're supposed to go home with and only leave with them.
- Don't throw sand, rocks, or dirt.

Decode the Playground Safety Sign.

1. V J > L N E < > E E F E > N O F V

 2. J E O ' > J < E T E O J E A G O T > E < V

 3. > N F E V > F J V N G O U J V W O > V



A	B	C	J	K	L	S	W
D	E	F	M	N	O	T	X
G	H	I	P	Q	R	U	Y
						V	Z

Answers:
 1. Watch out for others.
 2. Don't jump on moving toys.
 3. Throw trash in baskets.

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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART AT PLAYGROUNDS!

Make certain the playgrounds your child goes to pass this safety checklist:

PLAYGROUND SAFETY CHECKLIST

- All equipment is firmly anchored in concrete.
- There are no sharp edges. Parts should not be sticking out, broken, or bent.
- All moving parts are oiled and operating smoothly.
- Paint and wood surfaces are in good condition.
- Open "S" hooks are closed.
- Crawl spaces and openings are designed so children's heads and bodies cannot become entrapped or clothing entangled.
- Sandbox should be free of debris such as glass, bottle caps, rocks, and cigarette butts.
- Swings have:
 - flexible seats.
 - tightly knotted ropes.
 - strong chains with links closed.
 - sturdy frames.
 - no dangling chains or ropes.
- Slides have:
 - sturdy platforms and railings.
 - smooth and secure bar across entrance to slide.
 - stable and slip resistant steps and rungs.
 - no cracks or rusted areas that could snag clothes.
 - (if metal) been located in a shaded area to avoid burns.
- Climbing areas have:
 - steps and rungs secure.
 - slip resistant and stable surface areas.
 - no rust or cracks.
 - no sharp edges.
- Ground should be free from glass, metal, rocks, branches, poison ivy, or mushrooms.
- When planning a playground for your home, use safety surfaces such as sand, wood chips, or rubber outdoor mat.
- Children with special needs may require adapted playground equipment to be safe. Call your local parks department to find out the locations of accessible playgrounds.

SAFETY SMART

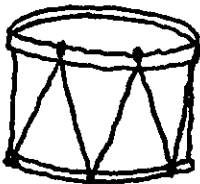
KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART WITH POISONS!

- Never play with medicine, including aspirin. Medicine is not candy.
- Only eat and drink what you know are foods. Ask an adult to find out if something is safe to eat.
- Do not eat plants or wild berries from plants. Some may be poisonous.
- Do not touch any bottle or container that has this label:



This label means that what is inside the bottle or container is dangerous to you.

Circle things you don't play with



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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART WITH POISONS!

Prevent children under your care from being exposed to poisons by taking these steps:

KITCHEN

- Remove household products and cleaners from under the sink and keep them out of reach, preferably under lock.
- Store all cleaners, household products, and medicines in original containers.
- Clear all counters, window sills, and refrigerator tops of harmful products.

BATHROOM

- Store all medicines in original containers.
- Keep all medicines, sprays, perfumes, hair care products, cosmetics, mouthwash, etc. out of reach.
- Flush old medicines and medicines no longer in use down the toilet.
- Keep a bottle of syrup of ipecac in your medicine chest and only use if directed to do so by a poison control center or physician to help induce vomiting.

LAUNDRY ROOM

- Place bleaches, detergents, softeners, and sprays out of reach.
- Store all products in original containers.

GARAGE/BASEMENT

- Keep these products in original containers and out of reach: insect spray, weed killers, fertilizer, gasoline, oil, windshield washer solvent, car wax, turpentine, paint, paint remover.

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

- Empty ashtrays and keep out of reach of children.
- Keep plants out of reach. Some plants, like the tomato vine, crocus, daffodil, iris, lily of the valley, poinsettias, and bitter-sweet, are poisonous.
- Avoid lead poisoning from paint by sweeping up paint chips and using contact paper to cover areas that have peeling paint.
- Store alcoholic beverages out of reach in a locked cabinet.

SAFETY SMART

KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT SCHOOL BUSES!

- Decide with your parents where you should wait for the bus.
- Enter and leave the bus in single file.
- Arms, hands, legs, and head belong inside the bus.
- Stay in your seat and talk quietly.
- When you get on and off the bus, be sure the driver can see you! Take 10 giant steps away from the bus before you cross in front of the bus.
- Carry all papers in a folder or backpack. If you do drop something outside of the bus, be sure the bus driver sees you before you pick it up.

*This school bus safety story contains scrambled words.
Unscramble the words and read the story.*

There are many things you can do to have a safe school bus trip.

When you aitw (_____) for the bus, keep away from the
treest (_____) and ffraict (______). Put your papers in a
dloefr (_____) or kpcbakca (______). Tysa (_____)
in your taes (_____) and talk lyqitue (______). Your
dhae (______), msar (______), and gslie (_____)
belong inside the bus.

Many people want your bus drie (_____) to be fase
(______). By working goethtre (______), we can travel
safely everyday.

Answers on back

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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART ABOUT SCHOOL BUSES!

Talk to your child about the following:

- Arrive on time for the bus.
- Select a safe place away from traffic and wait quietly for the bus.
- Only approach the bus after it is completely stopped.
- Enter and leave the bus in single file.
- Go directly to a seat and sit down.
- Talk quietly.
- Stay seated while the bus is moving.
- Keep the aisles clear.
- Keep head, arms, hands, legs inside the bus at all times.
- Carry papers in a folder or backpack so they do not slip out of your hands.
- Never bend down to pick up anything dropped in front of or near the bus until the driver sees you.
- If necessary, always cross in front of the school bus. Never cross behind the bus.
- Take 10 giant steps away from the bus before crossing in front of the bus.
- Listen to the bus driver and follow instructions.
- Watch for traffic when leaving the bus. Look both ways before crossing the street.

School Bus Safety Story Answers:

There are many things you can do to have a safe school bus trip. When you wait (wait) for the bus, keep away from the street (street) and traffic (traffic). Put your papers in a folder (folder) or backpack (backpack). Stay (Stay) in your seat (seat) and talk quietly (quietly). Your head (head), arms (arms), and legs (legs) belong inside the bus.

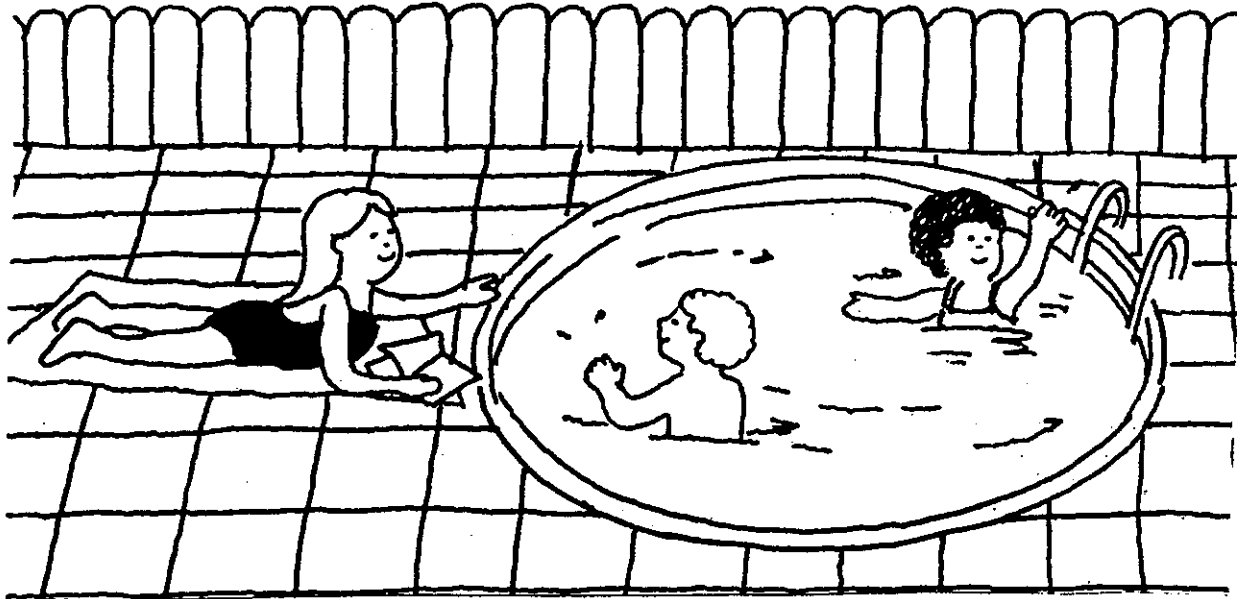
Many people want your bus driver (ride) to be safe (safe). By working together (together), we can travel safely everyday.

SAFETY SMART

KIDS: BE SAFETY SMART IN AND AROUND WATER!

- Obey the safety rules for the pool, beach, or lake where you swim.
- Wear a life jacket or vest if you do not know how to swim.
- Do not run around the pool.
- Never go in water alone, and always have an adult's permission. Make sure an adult is present to watch you.
- Do not push or jump on others or splash wildly.
- Remain out of the water during an electrical storm.
- Avoid swimming near platforms and diving boards.

Color the safe swimmers.



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PARENTS: BE SAFETY SMART IN AND AROUND WATER!

Practice these guidelines to help the children under your care swim safely:

- Know the safe swimming areas for ponds, lakes, and swimming holes you visit.
- Never leave a child unsupervised around water.
- Teach your child to never swim alone.
- Never let your child swim when he is tired or overheated.
- Teach your child to swim away from platforms and diving boards.
- Require your children to wear life jackets or vests near a pool if they do not know how to swim. Even if children can swim well, require that life jackets or vests be worn when boating.
- Teach your child to swim no farther than they would without a flotation device. Inflated tubes or mattresses are not substitutes for swimming ability.
- Use at least a four foot fence with a lock to isolate your pool.
- Remove a pool cover completely before allowing swimming to take place.
- Keep safety flotation devices near the pool.
- Have a float line dividing the deep and shallow end of your pool.
- Keep a telephone near your pool for emergencies.
- If contaminated water is suspected, have the water checked before allowing children to swim in the area.
- Do not build a swimming pool under a power line leading to your home.